

Debtor: Boy Scouts of America

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

Case Number: 20-10343

FILED

**Claim No. 1108
October 29, 2020**

By Omni Claims Agent
For U.S. Bankruptcy Court
District of Delaware

**Official Form 410
Proof of Claim**

04/19

Read the instructions before filling out this form. This form is for making a claim for payment in a bankruptcy case. Do not use this form to make a request for payment of an administrative expense. Make such a request according to 11 U.S.C. § 503.

Filers must leave out or redact information that is entitled to privacy on this form or on any attached documents. Attach redacted copies of any documents that support the claim, such as promissory notes, purchase orders, invoices, itemized statements of running accounts, contracts, judgments, mortgages, and security agreements. Do not send original documents; they may be destroyed after scanning. If the documents are not available, explain in an attachment.

A person who files a fraudulent claim could be fined up to \$500,000, imprisoned for up to 5 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152, 157, and 3571.

Fill in all the information about the claim as of the date the case was filed. That date is on the notice of bankruptcy (Form 309) that you received.

Carefully read instructions included with this Proof of Claim before completing.

Part 1: Identify the Claim

1. Who is the current creditor?	Pleasant Grove UMC-Indianapolis Name of the current creditor (the person or entity to be paid for this claim) Other names the creditor used with the debtor _____	
2. Has this claim been acquired from someone else?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes From whom? _____	
3. Where should notices and payments to the creditor be sent? Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure (FRBP) 2002(g)	Where should notices to the creditor be sent? Treasurer Pleasant Grove UMC 445 E 111th St Indianapolis, Indiana, 46280 Contact Phone 317-997-3538 Contact email momsrazy@sbcglobal.net Uniform claim identifier for electronic payments in chapter 13 (if you use one) _____	Where should payments to the creditor be sent? (if different) Contact Phone _____ Contact email _____
4. Does this claim amend one already filed?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes Claim Number on court claims registry (if known) _____ Filed On MM / DD / YYYY	
5. Do you know if anyone else has filed a proof of claim for this claim?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes Who made the earlier filing? _____	

Part 2: Give Information About the Claim as of the Date the Case Was Filed

6. Do you have any number you use to identify the debtor? No
 Yes Last 4 digits of the debtor's account or any number you use to identify the debtor: _____

7. How much is the claim? \$ _____ Does this amount include interest or other charges?
 No
 Yes Attach statement itemizing interest, fees, expenses, or other charges required by Bankruptcy Rule 3001(c)(2)(A).

8. What is the basis of the claim? Examples: Goods sold, money loaned, lease, services performed, personal injury or wrongful death, or credit card.
Attach redacted copies of any documents supporting the claim required by Bankruptcy Rule 3001(c).
Limit disclosing information that is entitled to privacy, such as health care information
See supplementary Information

9. Is all or part of the claim secured? No
 Yes The claim is secured by a lien on property

Nature of property:
 Real Estate If the claim is secured by the debtor's principal residence, file a *Mortgage Proof of Claim Attachment* (Official Form 410-A) with this *Proof of Claim*
 Motor Vehicle
 Other Describe: _____

Basis for perfection: _____
Attach redacted copies of documents, if any, that show evidence of perfection of a security interest (for example, a mortgage, lien, certificate of title, financing statement, or other document that shows the lien has been filed or recorded).

Value of Property: \$ _____
Amount of the claim that is secured: \$ _____
Amount of the claim that is unsecured: \$ _____ (The sum of the secured and unsecured amounts should match the amount in line 7).

Amount necessary to cure any default as of the date of the petition: \$ _____

Annual Interest Rate: (when case was filed) _____ %
 Fixed
 Variable

10. Is this claim based on a lease? No
 Yes **Amount necessary to cure any default as of the date of the petition.** \$ _____

11. Is this claim subject to a right of setoff? No
 Yes Identify the property: _____

12. Is this claim for the value of goods received by the debtor within 20 days before the commencement date of this case (11 U.S.C. § 503(b)(9)).? No
 Yes Amount of 503(b)(9) Claim: \$ _____

13. Is all or part of the claim entitled to priority under 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)?

- No
- Yes *Check all that apply*

Amount entitled to priority

A claim may be partly priority and partly nonpriority. For example, in some categories, the law limits the amount entitled to priority.

- Domestic support obligations (including alimony and child support) under 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(1)(A) or (a)(1)(B). \$ _____
- Up to \$3,025* of deposits toward purchase, lease, or rental of property or services for personal, family, or household use. 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(7). \$ _____
- Wages, salaries, or commissions (up to \$13,650*) earned within 180 days before the bankruptcy petition is filed or the debtor's business ends, whichever is earlier. 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(4). \$ _____
- Taxes or penalties owed to governmental units. 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(8). \$ _____
- Contributions to an employee benefit plan 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(5). \$ _____
- Other. Specify subsection of 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(____) that applies. \$ _____

* Amounts are subject to adjustment on 4/01/22 and every 3 years after that for cases begun on or after the date of adjustment.

Part 3: Sign Below

The person completing this proof of claim must sign and date it.

FRBP 9011(b).

If you file this claim electronically, FRBP 5005(a)(2) authorizes courts to establish local rules specifying what a signature is.

A person who files a fraudulent claim could be fined up to \$500,000, imprisoned for up to 5 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152, 157, and 3571.

Check the appropriate box:

- I am the creditor.
- I am the creditor's attorney or authorized agent.
- I am the trustee, or the debtor, or their authorized agent. Bankruptcy Rule 3004.
- I am the guarantor, surety, endorser, or other codebtor. Bankruptcy Rule 3005.

I understand that an authorized signature on this *Proof of Claim* serves as an acknowledgment that when calculating the amount of the claim, the creditor gave the debtor credit for any payments received toward the debt.

I have examined the information in this *Proof of Claim* and have a reasonable belief that the information is true and correct.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on date 10/29/2020
MM / DD / YYYY

Pleasant Grove UMC - Indianapolis

Signature

Print the name of the person who is completing and signing this claim:

Name Steven McBane
 First Name Middle Name Last Name

Title Charter Representative

Company Pleasant Grove UMC
 Identify the corporate servicer as the company if the authorized agent is a servicer.
445 E 111th St

Address Indianapolis, Indiana 46280

Contact Phone 317-997-3538 Email momscrazy@sbcglobal.net

TO: ALL LOCAL CHURCHES IN THE INDIANA ANNUAL CONFERENCE OF
THE UNITED METHODIST CHURCH

FROM: IAN HALL, DIRECTOR, ADMINISTRATION & FINANCIAL SERVICES

DATE: TUESDAY, OCTOBER 27th, 2020

URGENT AND IMPORTANT: IF YOUR CHURCH HAS EVER CHARTERED OR OTHERWISE SPONSORED A BOY SCOUT TROOP, CUB SCOUT PACK OR VENTURING CREW, YOU NEED TO IMMEDIATELY READ THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION, WHICH INCLUDES A FILING DEADLINE OF NOVEMBER 16, 2020.

On February 18, 2020, the Boys Scouts of America (“BSA”) and its affiliate, Delaware BSA, LLC, commenced bankruptcy cases under Chapter 11 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code under Case No. 20-10343 in the U.S. Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware. BSA’s bankruptcy case was intended to address the numerous lawsuits asserted against it related to historical acts of sexual abuse in its programs as well as additional abuse claims that have not yet been filed.

In furtherance of its mission, the BSA historically granted charters to thousands of local organizations across the country, including faith-based institutions, clubs, civic associations, educational institutions, businesses, and groups of citizens. These “Chartered Organizations,” in turn, formed units, such as packs for Cub Scouts or troops for Scouts BSA (formerly known as Boy Scouts). At the time of the filing of the BSA bankruptcy case, there were 275 pending abuse litigation actions against the BSA, and Chartered Organizations were named as defendants in 135 of those actions.

Prior to its bankruptcy filing, the BSA litigated and administered the abuse litigation cases on behalf of all named defendants, including the Chartered Organizations. Since 1978, the BSA has included insurance coverage under its commercial general liability insurance policies to certain of its Chartered Organizations. By resolution dated October 30, 2013, the BSA also expressly agreed to (i) maintain and provide primary general liability insurance for Chartered Organizations for covered claims made as a result of the delivery of official scouting activities, and (ii) defend and indemnify Chartered Organizations and their employees, directors, officers, members, and volunteers, who act in good faith and against whom claims are asserted based upon the BSA’s membership standards. A copy of the October 30, 2013 BSA resolution is attached as **Exhibit A**.

As is typical in bankruptcy proceedings, the court has established a “Bar Date,” which is the deadline for potential creditors to file claims against the BSA (the debtor). The Bar Date in this case is **November 16, 2020, at 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time**. Instructions on how and where to file a proof of claim are set forth below.

This deadline does not only apply to claims of potential victims, but also to any other individual or entity that **may** have a claim against the BSA, **including Chartered Organizations**, that have, or potentially could have, claims for indemnification, contribution, or insurance coverage against

the BSA. This is critical for our denomination, as United Methodist local churches make up the largest collection of Chartered Organizations in the country. If your Church was at any time, or is currently, a Chartered Organization for the BSA, then your Church may potentially be named as a defendant in future litigation as a result of its operation of a scouting unit. The plaintiff in any such litigation would be prohibited from naming BSA in future litigation related to abuse claims that arose before February 18, 2020. Accordingly, your Church would be the primary and likely sole defendant in the sexual abuse lawsuit and would be required to bear all of the costs of any such future litigation, including any settlement or final judgment amount and all legal expenses, without access to any insurance coverage or other protection from the BSA.

If your church knows of a specific claim that may be, or already has been, filed against relating to an allegation of sexual abuse associated with the Boy Scouts, we strongly recommend that your church consult with a licensed attorney, if it has not already done so. Otherwise, if your church has ever chartered or otherwise sponsored a Boy Scout troop, Cub Scout Pack, Venturing Crew, Sea Scouts ship, STEM Scouts lab, or an Exploring post in the past, or if it does so now, it should file a “Proof of Claim” with the court by the November 16, 2020 Bar Date to ensure its rights to applicable insurance, indemnification, or contribution are preserved. Again, even if you do not know today of any potential claim against your church, your church should still file a Proof of Claim. If your church does not file a Proof of Claim **so that it is received by the Bar Date**, and a claim is later filed against your church relating to sexual abuse that occurred before February 18, 2020, you will have no recourse against the BSA or its insurance policies.

Filing a Proof of Claim does not guarantee payment should a claim exist or a future claim arise. It is not yet known how the claims of Chartered Organizations will be addressed and what protections, if any, Chartered Organizations will be provided with respect to abuse claims that have been or could be asserted against such Chartered Organization. The BSA and its constituents are preparing to engage in mediation after the claim filing deadline to negotiate a resolution of the bankruptcy case, which will likely include the filing of an amended chapter 11 plan. The mediation will include participation by the BSA, the statutory committee of local councils, the statutory committee for abuse victims, the court-appointed future claimants’ representative, and possibly one or more attorneys for certain Chartered Organizations.

Failure to file a Proof of Claim now will bar any recourse against the BSA should a claim exist or a future claim arise relating to sexual abuse that occurred before February 18, 2020.

IMPORTANTLY, the annual conference cannot file Proofs of Claim on behalf of local churches. Instead, **your local church must file its own Proof of Claim with the Bankruptcy Court.**

It is expected that the chapter 11 plan in the BSA bankruptcy case will provide for the establishment of a Victims Compensation Trust that will be entrusted with authority to collect and retain assets for distribution to victims, including those who assert future claims for abuse that occurred prior to the bankruptcy filing. Chartered Organizations may also have the right to contribute cash and other assets to the Victims Compensation Trust in exchange for receiving a release and the benefit of a “channeling injunction” prohibiting victims from asserting claims outside of the Victims Compensation Trust. Whether and when to contribute to the Victims

Compensation Trust is an important legal decision that should be considered at the proper time in consultation with legal counsel.

HOW TO FILE YOUR PROOF OF CLAIM:

There are two ways to file a Proof of Claim – online or U.S. mail / overnight courier. Remember that your Proof of Claim must be **received** on or before the Bar Date at 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time.

ONLINE:

- Use [this link](#) to create an account for the online Proof of Claim submission portal.
- The email address used to create the account will receive an activation request. Click on the link in the activation email **within 48 hours** in order to finalize the account creation.
- Once the account has been created and activated, use [this link](#) to log into the account.
- After logging in, click on the green “Create New Claim” button. This brings you to the “Claim Editor” section of the site.
 - After naming your claim at the bottom of the “Start Claim” tab (which can simply be the name of your church), click the blue “Accept and Continue” box. This will take you to the next tab.
 - Use the attached line-by-line instructions to help you fill out the information required in each tab. Before moving to the next tab, be sure to click on the green “Save Changes” box.
 - After filling out all of the information and uploading the supplementary addendum, click on the “Review Claim” tab and ensure all information has been entered correctly.
 - Then select the “Sign & File” tab, select “I am the creditor,” and fill in the information for the church representative who will sign the Proof of Claim.
 - After ensuring all information is correct, and after filling in the signature information, click on the green “Save Changes” box, then the blue “File Your Claim” box.

U.S. MAIL or OVERNIGHT COURIER:

- Use [this link](#) to download the Proof of Claim form. The form is a PDF, which may open within your web browser. If that happens, take the necessary steps to download/open the PDF so that you can access it outside of the web browser. If that doesn't work, print the form and complete it by hand, using the attached instructions.
- Use the attached line-by-line instructions to help you complete the form.
- Once the form is completed, print it out and have it signed by the appropriate local church representative.
- Mail the completed and signed form to:
 - Boy Scouts of America Claims Processing**
 - c/o Omni Agent Solutions**
 - 5955 De Soto Ave., Suite 100**
 - Woodland Hills, CA 91367**

We recommend using an overnight courier or the online submission form rather than U.S. mail so you can confirm timely delivery.

If you need additional information (not including legal advice) about the Bar Date, Proof of Claim form, filing the Proof of Claim form or other information about the Debtors' bankruptcy cases, you can contact the Claims and Noticing Agent by:

Calling (toll-free): 866-907-BSA1
Emailing: BSAInquiries@omniagnt.com
Visiting: <http://omniagentsolutions.com/bsaclaims>

The Indiana Conference of the United Methodist Church has learned that Ed Rice with the law firm Bradley Arant Boult Cummings LLP has been engaged to represent certain Chartered Organizations in Florida and has agreed to represent other Chartered Organizations with filing claims in the BSA bankruptcy case. His bio and contact information can be found here: [E. Rice Bio](#)

The Indiana Conference of The United Methodist Church was not involved in the identification or selection of Mr. Rice. His contact information is provided as a courtesy for your convenience if you desire to retain Mr. Rice.

Once your church has completed and submitted its Proof of Claim, **please let the Indiana Conference know it has done so by e-mailing ruthellen.needler@inumc.org or calling (317) 564-3254.** Having a complete list of churches that have filed Proof of Claims will be important as the bankruptcy proceeding moves forward.

Thank you for attending to this important matter.



Ian Hall
Director, Administration & Financial Services
Indiana Annual Conference of the United Methodist Church, Inc.

This communication is intended solely to provide information to local churches about an important issue. By sharing this information, the conference is not engaged in providing legal advice, and no attorney-client relationship has been created. If your local church determines it needs legal advice on this issue, it should seek the services of a licensed attorney

LINE-BY-LINE INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILLING OUT PROOF OF CLAIM

THE DEADLINE FOR FILING PROOFS OF CLAIM IN THE BSA BANKRUPTCY CASE IS NOVEMBER 16, 2020 AT 5:00 P.M. EASTERN TIME.

Attached to this letter is a SAMPLE Proof of Claim intended to provide guidance for your church to fill in the blanks in the Proof of Claim. What follows is a line-by-line description of what is in the Proof of Claim and how to complete it.

Debtor selection:	Select the box beside "In re Boy Scouts of America, Case No. 20-10343 (LSS)" (PDF) or "Boy Scouts of America" (online)
Line 1: Who is the current creditor?	Insert the name of your local church.
Line 2: Has this claim been acquired from someone else?	Select "No"
Line 3: Where should notices and payments to the creditor be sent?	Insert the address and responsible person of your church (e.g., ("Treasurer, ABC UMC"))
Line 4: Does this claim amend one already filed?	Select "No"
Line 5: Do you know if anyone else has filed a proof of claim for this claim?	Select "No"
Line 6: Do you have any number you use to identify the debtor?	Select "No"
Line 7: How much is the claim?	For the PDF, enter "Unknown" and select "No" as to whether this includes interest. Online, leave this blank and select "No."
Line 8: What is the basis of the claim?	For the PDF, enter "BSA's obligation to provide insurance coverage, indemnification, and contribution to claimant under BSA's policies of general liability insurance, and all other agreements, documents and laws providing such rights to claimant." Online, enter "See supplementary information"
Line 9: Is all or part of the claim secured?	Select "No" and move on to Line 10
Line 10: Is this claim based on a lease?	Select "No"
Line 11: Is this claim subject to a right of setoff?	Select "No"
Line 12: Is this claim for the value of goods received...?	Select "No"
Line 13: Is all or part of the claim entitled to priority under 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)?	Select "No"
Person completing the proof of claim?	Select "I am the creditor"

AFTER YOU HAVE FILED THE PROOF OF CLAIM, PLEASE LET THE CONFERENCE KNOW THAT YOU HAVE FILED THE CLAIM.

Send email to: ruthellen.needler@inumc.org

Or call: (317) 564-3254.

Exhibit A

See Attached.

BOY SCOUTS OF AMERICA

**RESOLUTION REGARDING INSURANCE AND INDEMNIFICATION
OF CHARTERED ORGANIZATIONS AND USE OF CHARTER AGREEMENT
IN CIVIL LITIGATION**

WHEREAS Chartered Organizations and local councils play a critical role in the delivery of the Scouting program; and

WHEREAS the Corporation (The Boy Scouts of America) and its Chartered Organizations have experienced litigation trends and issues arising out of the interdependent relationships that have caused potential legal conflicts; and

WHEREAS the Corporation provides a general liability insurance program to Chartered Organizations so as to protect their interests in connection with the delivery of the Scouting program; and

WHEREAS it is in the best interests of the Corporation, Chartered Organizations to avoid some of the predictable and inherent conflicts arising out of their interdependent roles and obligations so as to strengthen the relationships and deliver the Scouting program without the uncertainty of potential conflicts;

NOW THEREFORE, it is hereby

RESOLVED, as follows:

I. That the Corporation will endeavor to continue to maintain and provide primary general liability insurance for Chartered Organizations for those organizations in connection with covered claims made as a result of the delivery in connection with official scouting activities.

II. That in addition to maintaining and providing the aforesaid liability insurance, the Corporation shall defend and indemnify Chartered Organizations, and their employees, directors, officers, members and volunteers, who act in good faith and against whom claims are asserted based upon the Corporation's membership standards.

III. That the Corporation will indemnify to the fullest extent permitted by the law of the state where the Chartered Organization is domiciled against an award of punitive damages against any Chartered Organization, its employees, directors, officers members and volunteers who act in "Good Faith". This provision would not apply to any conduct or occurrences prior to the adoption date of this Resolution.

IV. "Good Faith" as used herein shall require: (i) the Chartered Organization Representative take steps to remove from any involvement in the Scouting program any employee, officer, member or other person known or suspected of engaging in conduct that poses a risk of harm to others, including, but not limited to, actual or alleged acts of criminal conduct, violence,

substance abuse, or reckless conduct involving motor vehicles or firearms. Reasonable inquiry shall include at a minimum determining whether the religious and chief officers of the Chartered Organization have any such knowledge or information of the conduct described above. The Chartered Organization shall timely disclose to the local council, and the BSA upon request any such knowledge or information it obtains; (ii) prompt disclosure of any occurrence which may give rise to a legal action against the Corporation, Chartered Organization, local council or any of their employees, officers, volunteers or members; (iii) prompt written notice to the Corporation and an opportunity to participate in any settlement discussions related to claims for damages which arise in the course of the delivery of the Scouting program and (iv) adherence to applicable laws and the Rules and Regulations of the Boy Scouts of America.

V. This Resolution shall not be construed to require the Corporation or any insurance provided for the benefit of Chartered Organizations to indemnify any Chartered Organization or its employees, officers or members for acts intended or expected to result in harm or actions which are not in Good Faith as defined by this Resolution.

VI. In civil actions filed or threatened against a Chartered Organization after the date of this Resolution, the Corporation's legal counsel, or his or her designee, shall confer with the Chartered Organization over the selection of legal counsel to defend the Chartered Organization, its employees, officers, members and volunteers. The Corporation and the Chartered Organization shall make a good faith effort to mutually agree upon legal counsel to represent the Chartered Organization and its employees, officers, members and volunteers. This good faith discussion shall include the question of whether or not separate counsel should be retained to represent the interests of the Chartered Organization, its employees, officers, members or volunteer.

VII. In civil actions pending or filed against a Chartered Organization, the Corporation's legal counsel will not use the language of the Charter Agreement or the Charter Renewal Agreement, or any similar document outlining the responsibilities of the parties, to shift liability from the Corporation to the Chartered Organization.

VIII. The Corporation shall give not less than nine (9) months' notice to Chartered Organizations of any action to be taken to change the words or effect of this Resolution. Provided, however, that should general liability insurance become unavailable or unaffordable, the Corporation shall be required to provide such notice as is reasonably possible.

Provided, however, that this Resolution shall become effective only after financial institutions to whom the Corporation is obligated agree that the indemnification requirements in this Resolution do not violate any loan covenants or other agreements.

The undersigned, being duly elected and qualified Secretary of the Corporation, hereby certifies that the foregoing Resolution was duly adopted by the Board of Directors of the Corporation effective October 30, 2013.



Wayne Brock, Chief Scout Executive and Secretary

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

Fill in the information to identify the case (Select only one Debtor per form):

- In re Boy Scouts of America, Case No. 20-10343 (LSS)
- In re Delaware BSA, LLC, Case No. 20-10342 (LSS)

Official Form 410
Proof of Claim

04/19

Read the instructions before filling out this form. This form is for making a claim for payment in a bankruptcy case. With the exception of claims under section 503(b)(9), do not use this form to make a request for payment of an administrative expense. Make such a request according to 11 U.S.C. § 503. This form should not be used if you have a claim arising from sexual abuse and you were under the age of eighteen (18) at the time the sexual abuse began. If you have such a claim, you must file a Sexual Abuse Survivor Proof of Claim. For more information on how to file a Sexual Abuse Survivor Proof of Claim, go to: www.officialbsaclaims.com.

Filers must leave out or redact information that is entitled to privacy on this form or on any attached documents. Attach redacted copies of any documents that support the claim, such as promissory notes, purchase orders, invoices, itemized statements of running accounts, contracts, judgments, mortgages, and security agreements. Do not send original documents; they may be destroyed after scanning. If the documents are not available, explain in an attachment. A person who files a fraudulent claim could be fined up to \$500,000, imprisoned for up to 5 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152, 157, and 3571.

Fill in all the information about the claim as of the date the case was filed. That date is on the notice of bankruptcy (Form 309) that you received.

Part 1: Identify the Claim

<p>1. Who is the current creditor?</p>	<p>Name of the current creditor (the person or entity to be paid for this claim) _____</p> <p>Other names the creditor used with the debtor _____</p>		
<p>2. Has this claim been acquired from someone else?</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> No</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Yes From whom? _____</p>		
<p>3. Where should notices and payments to the creditor be sent?</p> <p>Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure (FRBP) 2002(g)</p>	<p>Where should notices to the creditor be sent?</p>	<p>Where should payments to the creditor be sent? (if different)</p>	
	<p>Name _____</p> <p>Number Street _____</p> <p>City State ZIP Code _____</p> <p>Contact Phone _____</p> <p>Contact email _____</p> <p>Uniform claim identifier for electronic payments in chapter 13 (if you use one) _____</p>	<p>Name _____</p> <p>Number Street _____</p> <p>City State ZIP Code _____</p> <p>Contact Phone _____</p> <p>Contact email _____</p>	
<p>4. Does this claim amend one already filed?</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> No</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Yes Claim Number on court claims registry (if known) _____ Filed On MM / DD / YYYY _____</p>		
<p>5. Do you know if anyone else has filed a proof of claim for this claim?</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> No</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Yes Who made the earlier filing? _____</p>		

Part 2: Give Information About the Claim as of the Date the Case Was Filed

6. Do you have any number you use to identify the debtor? No Yes Last 4 digits of the debtor's account or any number you use to identify the debtor: _____

7. How much is the claim? \$ _____ Does this amount include interest or other charges?
 No Yes Attach statement itemizing interest, fees, expenses, or other charges required by Bankruptcy Rule 3001(c)(2)(A).

8. What is the basis of the claim? Examples: Goods sold, money loaned, lease, services performed, personal injury or wrongful death, or credit card. Attach redacted copies of any documents supporting the claim required by Bankruptcy Rule 3001(c). Limit disclosing information that is entitled to privacy, such as health care information

9. Is all or part of the claim secured? No Yes The claim is secured by a lien on property

Nature of property:

- Real Estate If the claim is secured by the debtor's principal residence, file a *Mortgage Proof of Claim Attachment* (Official Form 410-A) with this *Proof of Claim*
- Motor Vehicle
- Other Describe: _____

Basis for perfection: _____

Attach redacted copies of documents, if any, that show evidence of perfection of a security interest (for example, a mortgage, lien, certificate of title, financing statement, or other document that shows the lien has been filed or recorded).

Value of Property: \$ _____

Amount of the claim that is secured: \$ _____

Amount of the claim that is unsecured: \$ _____ (The sum of the secured and unsecured amounts should match the amount in line 7).

Amount necessary to cure any default as of the date of the petition: \$ _____

Annual Interest Rate: (when case was filed) _____%

- Fixed
- Variable

10. Is this claim based on a lease? No Yes **Amount necessary to cure any default as of the date of the petition.** \$ _____

11. Is this claim subject to a right of setoff? No Yes Identify the property: _____

12. Is this claim for the value of goods received by the debtor within 20 days before the commencement date of this case (11 U.S.C. §503(b)(9)).? No Yes Amount of 503(b)(9) Claim: \$ _____

13. Is all or part of the claim entitled to priority under 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)?

- No
 Yes *Check all that apply*

Amount entitled to priority

A claim may be partly priority and partly nonpriority. For example, in some categories, the law limits the amount entitled to priority.

- Domestic support obligations (including alimony and child support) under 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(1)(A) or (a)(1)(B). \$ _____
- Up to \$3,025* of deposits toward purchase, lease, or rental of property or services for personal, family, or household use. 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(7). \$ _____
- Wages, salaries, or commissions (up to \$13,650*) earned within 180 days before the bankruptcy petition is filed or the debtor's business ends, whichever is earlier. 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(4). \$ _____
- Taxes or penalties owed to governmental units. 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(8). \$ _____
- Contributions to an employee benefit plan 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(5). \$ _____
- Other. Specify subsection of 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(____) that applies. \$ _____

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Part 3: Sign Below

The person completing this proof of claim must sign and date it.

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If you file this claim electronically, FRBP 5005(a)(2) authorizes courts to establish local rules specifying what a signature is.

A person who files a fraudulent claim could be fined up to \$500,000, imprisoned for up to 5 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152, 157, and 3571.

Check the appropriate box:

- I am the creditor.
- I am the creditor's attorney or authorized agent.
- I am the trustee, or the debtor, or their authorized agent. Bankruptcy Rule 3004.
- I am the guarantor, surety, endorser, or other codebtor. Bankruptcy Rule 3005.

I understand that an authorized signature on this *Proof of Claim* serves as an acknowledgment that when calculating the amount of the claim, the creditor gave the debtor credit for any payments received toward the debt.

I have examined the information in this *Proof of Claim* and have a reasonable belief that the information is true and correct.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on date _____
 MM / DD / YYYY

Signature _____

Print the name of the person who is completing and signing this claim:

Name _____
 First Name Middle Name Last Name

Title _____

Company _____
 Identify the corporate servicer as the company if the authorized agent is a servicer.

Address _____
 Number Street

City State ZIP Code

Contact Phone _____ Email _____

Instructions for Proof of Claim

These instructions and definitions generally explain the law. In certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy cases that debtors do not file voluntarily, exceptions to these general rules may apply. You should consider obtaining the advice of an attorney, especially if you are unfamiliar with the bankruptcy process and privacy regulations.

A person who files a fraudulent claim could be fined up to \$500,000, imprisoned for up to 5 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152, 157 and 3571.

How to fill out this form

- Fill in all of the information about the claim as of the date the case was filed.
- Fill in the caption at the top of the form.
- If the claim has been acquired from someone else, then state the identity of the last party who owned the claim or was the holder of the claim and who transferred it to you before the initial claim was filed.
- Attach any supporting documents to this form. Attach redacted copies of any documents that show that the debt exists, a lien secures the debt, or both. (See the definition of *redaction* on the next page.)
Also attach redacted copies of any documents that show perfection of any security interest or any assignments or transfers of the debt. In addition to the documents, a summary may be added. Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure (called “Bankruptcy Rule”) 3001(c) and (d).
- Do not attach original documents because attachments may be destroyed after scanning.
- If the claim is based on delivering health care goods or services, do not disclose confidential health care information. Leave out or redact confidential information both in the claim and in the attached documents.

- A *Proof of Claim* form and any attached documents must show only the last 4 digits of any social security number, individual’s tax identification number, or financial account number, and only the year of any person’s date of birth. See Bankruptcy Rule 9037.
- For a minor child, fill in only the child’s initials and the full name and address of the child’s parent or guardian. For example, write *A.B., a minor child (John Doe, parent, 123 Main St., City, State)*. See Bankruptcy Rule 9037.

Confirmation that the claim has been filed

To receive confirmation that the claim has been filed, enclose a stamped self-addressed envelope and a copy of this form. You may view a list of filed claims in this case by visiting the Claims Agent’s website at <http://www.omniagentsolutions.com/bsaclaims>.

Understand the terms used in this form

Administrative expense: Generally, an expense that arises after a bankruptcy case is filed in connection with operating, liquidating, or distributing the bankruptcy estate. 11 U.S.C. § 503.

Claim: A creditor’s right to receive payment for a debt that the debtor owed on the date the debtor filed for bankruptcy. 11 U.S.C. §101 (5). A claim may be secured or unsecured.

Creditor: A person, corporation, or other entity to whom a debtor owes a debt that was incurred on or before the date the debtor filed for bankruptcy. 11 U.S.C. §101 (10).

Debtor: A person, corporation, or other entity who is in bankruptcy. Use the debtor's name and case number as shown in the bankruptcy notice you received. 11 U.S.C. § 101 (13).

Evidence of perfection: Evidence of perfection of a security interest may include documents showing that a security interest has been filed or recorded, such as a mortgage, lien, certificate of title, or financing statement.

Information that is entitled to privacy: A *Proof of Claim* form and any attached documents must show only the last 4 digits of any social security number, an individual's tax identification number, or a financial account number, only the initials of a minor's name, and only the year of any person's date of birth. If a claim is based on delivering health care goods or services, limit the disclosure of the goods or services to avoid embarrassment or disclosure of confidential health care information. You may later be required to give more information if the trustee or someone else in interest objects to the claim.

Priority claim: A claim within a category of unsecured claims that is entitled to priority under 11 U.S.C. §507(a). These claims are paid from the available money or property in a bankruptcy case before other unsecured claims are paid. Common priority unsecured claims include alimony, child support, taxes, and certain unpaid wages.

Proof of claim: A form that shows the amount of debt the debtor owed to a creditor on the date of the bankruptcy filing. The form must be filed in the district where the case is pending.

Redaction of information: Masking, editing out, or deleting certain information to protect privacy. Filers must redact or leave out information entitled to **privacy** on the *Proof of Claim* form and any attached documents.

Secured claim under 11 U.S.C. §506(a): A claim backed by a lien on particular property of the debtor. A claim is secured to the extent that a creditor has the right to be paid from the property before other creditors are paid. The amount of a secured claim usually cannot be more than the value of the particular property on which the creditor has a lien. Any amount owed to a creditor that is more than the value of the property normally may be an unsecured claim. But exceptions exist; for example, see 11 U.S.C. § 1322(b) and the final sentence of 1325(a).

Examples of liens on property include a mortgage on real estate or a security interest in a car. A lien may be voluntarily granted by a debtor or may be obtained through a court proceeding. In some states, a court judgment may be a lien.

Setoff: Occurs when a creditor pays itself with money belonging to the debtor that it is holding, or by canceling a debt it owes to the debtor.

Uniform claim identifier: An optional 24-character identifier that some creditors use to facilitate electronic payment.

Unsecured claim: A claim that does not meet the requirements of a secured claim. A claim may be unsecured in part to the extent that the amount of the claim is more than the value of the property on which a creditor has a lien.

Offers to purchase a claim

Certain entities purchase claims for an amount that is less than the face value of the claims. These entities may contact creditors offering to purchase their claims. Some written communications from these entities may easily be confused with official court documentation or communications from the debtor. These entities do not represent the bankruptcy court, the bankruptcy trustee, or the debtor. A creditor has no obligation to sell its claim. However, if a creditor decides to sell its claim, any transfer of that claim is subject to Bankruptcy Rule 3001(e), any provisions of the Bankruptcy Code (11 U.S.C. § 101 et seq.) that apply, and any orders of the bankruptcy court that apply.

Do not file these instructions with your form.

Fill in the information to identify the case (Select only one Debtor per form):

- In re Boy Scouts of America, Case No. 20-10343 (LSS)
- In re Delaware BSA, LLC, Case No. 20-10342 (LSS)

Official Form 410
Proof of Claim

04/19

Read the instructions before filling out this form. This form is for making a claim for payment in a bankruptcy case. With the exception of claims under section 503(b)(9), do not use this form to make a request for payment of an administrative expense. Make such a request according to 11 U.S.C. § 503. This form should not be used if you have a claim arising from sexual abuse and you were under the age of eighteen (18) at the time the sexual abuse began. If you have such a claim, you must file a Sexual Abuse Survivor Proof of Claim. For more information on how to file a Sexual Abuse Survivor Proof of Claim, go to: www.officialbsaclaims.com.

Filers must leave out or redact information that is entitled to privacy on this form or on any attached documents. Attach redacted copies of any documents that support the claim, such as promissory notes, purchase orders, invoices, itemized statements of running accounts, contracts, judgments, mortgages, and security agreements. Do not send original documents; they may be destroyed after scanning. If the documents are not available, explain in an attachment. A person who files a fraudulent claim could be fined up to \$500,000, imprisoned for up to 5 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152, 157, and 3571.

Fill in all the information about the claim as of the date the case was filed. That date is on the notice of bankruptcy (Form 309) that you received.

Part 1: Identify the Claim

<p>1. Who is the current creditor?</p>	<p>Church Name Name of the current creditor (the person or entity to be paid for this claim) _____</p> <p>Other names the creditor used with the debtor _____</p>		
<p>2. Has this claim been acquired from someone else?</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> No</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Yes From whom? _____</p>		
<p>3. Where should notices and payments to the creditor be sent?</p> <p>Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure (FRBP) 2002(g)</p>	<p>Where should notices to the creditor be sent?</p> <p>Treasurer/Pastor/Other name</p> <p>Name _____</p> <p>Number Street _____</p> <p>City State ZIP Code _____</p> <p>Contact Phone _____</p> <p>Contact email _____</p> <p>Uniform claim identifier for electronic payments in chapter 13 (if you use one) _____</p>	<p>Where should payments to the creditor be sent? (if different)</p> <p>Name _____</p> <p>Number Street _____</p> <p>City State ZIP Code _____</p> <p>Contact Phone _____</p> <p>Contact email _____</p>	
<p>4. Does this claim amend one already filed?</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> No</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Yes Claim Number on court claims registry (if known) _____ Filed On MM / DD / YYYY _____</p>		
<p>5. Do you know if anyone else has filed a proof of claim for this claim?</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> No</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Yes Who made the earlier filing? _____</p>		

Part 2: Give Information About the Claim as of the Date the Case Was Filed

6. Do you have any number you use to identify the debtor? No Yes Last 4 digits of the debtor's account or any number you use to identify the debtor: _____

7. How much is the claim? \$ Unknown Does this amount include interest or other charges? No Yes Attach statement itemizing interest, fees, expenses, or other charges required by Bankruptcy Rule 3001(c)(2)(A).

8. What is the basis of the claim? Examples: Goods sold, money loaned, lease, services performed, personal injury or wrongful death, or credit card. Attach redacted copies of any documents supporting the claim required by Bankruptcy Rule 3001(c).
Limit disclosing information that is entitled to privacy, such as health care information BSA's obligation to provide insurance coverage, indemnification, and contribution to claimant under BSA's policies of general liability insurance, and all other agreements, documents and laws providing such rights to claimant.

9. Is all or part of the claim secured? No Yes The claim is secured by a lien on property

Nature of property:

Real Estate If the claim is secured by the debtor's principal residence, file a *Mortgage Proof of Claim Attachment* (Official Form 410-A) with this *Proof of Claim*

Motor Vehicle

Other Describe: _____

Basis for perfection:
Attach redacted copies of documents, if any, that show evidence of perfection of a security interest (for example, a mortgage, lien, certificate of title, financing statement, or other document that shows the lien has been filed or recorded).

Value of Property: \$ _____

Amount of the claim that is secured: \$ _____

Amount of the claim that is unsecured: \$ _____ (The sum of the secured and unsecured amounts should match the amount in line 7).

Amount necessary to cure any default as of the date of the petition: \$ _____

Annual Interest Rate: (when case was filed) _____ %

Fixed Variable

10. Is this claim based on a lease? No Yes **Amount necessary to cure any default as of the date of the petition.** \$ _____

11. Is this claim subject to a right of setoff? No Yes Identify the property: _____

12. Is this claim for the value of goods received by the debtor within 20 days before the commencement date of this case (11 U.S.C. §503(b)(9)).? No Yes Amount of 503(b)(9) Claim: \$ _____

13. Is all or part of the claim entitled to priority under 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)?

- No
 Yes *Check all that apply*

Amount entitled to priority

A claim may be partly priority and partly nonpriority. For example, in some categories, the law limits the amount entitled to priority.

- Domestic support obligations (including alimony and child support) under 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(1)(A) or (a)(1)(B). \$ _____
- Up to \$3,025* of deposits toward purchase, lease, or rental of property or services for personal, family, or household use. 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(7). \$ _____
- Wages, salaries, or commissions (up to \$13,650*) earned within 180 days before the bankruptcy petition is filed or the debtor's business ends, whichever is earlier. 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(4). \$ _____
- Taxes or penalties owed to governmental units. 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(8). \$ _____
- Contributions to an employee benefit plan 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(5). \$ _____
- Other. Specify subsection of 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(____) that applies. \$ _____

* Amounts are subject to adjustment on 4/01/22 and every 3 years after that for cases begun on or after the date of adjustment.

Part 3: Sign Below

The person completing this proof of claim must sign and date it.

FRBP 9011(b).

If you file this claim electronically, FRBP 5005(a)(2) authorizes courts to establish local rules specifying what a signature is.

A person who files a fraudulent claim could be fined up to \$500,000, imprisoned for up to 5 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152, 157, and 3571.

Check the appropriate box:

- I am the creditor.
- I am the creditor's attorney or authorized agent.
- I am the trustee, or the debtor, or their authorized agent. Bankruptcy Rule 3004.
- I am the guarantor, surety, endorser, or other codebtor. Bankruptcy Rule 3005.

I understand that an authorized signature on this *Proof of Claim* serves as an acknowledgment that when calculating the amount of the claim, the creditor gave the debtor credit for any payments received toward the debt.

I have examined the information in this *Proof of Claim* and have a reasonable belief that the information is true and correct.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on date
 MM / DD / YYYY

Signature _____

Print the name of the person who is completing and signing this claim:

Name
 First Name Middle Name Last Name

Title _____

Company _____

Identify the corporate servicer as the company if the authorized agent is a servicer.

Address
 Number Street

City State ZIP Code

Contact Phone Email

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Response for Item 8 in Part 2 (“What is the basis of the claim?”):

This claim is based upon BSA’s obligation to provide insurance coverage, indemnification and contribution to the claimant under BSA’s policies of general liability insurance, and all other agreements, documents, and laws in place that provide such rights to claimant.